1. Define shock, describe types of shock & give in detail its management
3. Describe the varieties of haemorrhage. Describe clinical features of shock following haemorrhage
4. Define & classify haemorrhage. Define the various methods of haemostasis
5. Describe the aetiology, clinical features & management of burns
6. Describe the aetiology, clinical features & management of tetanus
7. Define & classify ulcer. Describe life cycle of ulcer & discuss its differential diagnosis
8. Define & classify ulcer. Describe the management of varicose ulcer.
9. Define & classify ulcer. Describe management of rodent ulcer of face
10. Define gangrene. What are signs and symptoms of gangrene. How will you Rx case of threatened gangrene.
11. Discuss aetiology, signs and symptoms, investigations, management of peptic ulcer
12. Describe clinical features & management of peptic ulcer disease. Mention its complications
13. Describe clinical manifestation, investigations, management of Ca of middle third of oesophagus.
14. Give differential diagnosis of ulcer of tongue & describe clinical features & spread of Ca of tongue
15. Describe the differential diagnosis of Dysphagia. How would you manage a case of foreign body in Oesophagus
16. Classify & describe clinical manifestations of intestinal obstruction. Mention important investigation to arrive at diagnosis
17. Describe the clinical manifestation of acute intestinal obstruction. What are the indications for surgery in these case
18. Describe the aetiology, clinical features & treatment of acute appendicitis
19. Give differential diagnosis with investigation of pain in right iliac fossa & give management of a case Chronic appendicular pain
20. Describe the clinical features & management of acute fissure-in-ano
21. Describe the aetiology, clinical manifestation and management of enlarged prostate
22. Describe aetiology, varieties, clinical features, investigations & management of renal calculus
23. Describe the clinical features of renal lithiasis. Mention the diagnostic investigations. Outline the treatment
24. Enumerate causes of Colics. How will you investigate a patient with colic & how you would Rx patient of renal colic
25. Discuss in detail how you will investigate a case of urinary disease
26. Describe the differential diagnosis & management of acute retention of urine
27. Describe the causes, effects and management of hydronephrosis
28. Describe the clinical features & treatment of tumors of kidney
29. Describe differential diagnosis of lump in the midline of neck
30. Classify carcinoma of the breast. What are the various stages of Ca breast
31. Discuss aetiology, clinical features, investigations & treatment of cholelithiasis
32. Describe the clinical features of acute cholecystitis. Mention the diagnostic investigation, outline the management
33. Describe clinical features of primary thyrotoxicosis
34. Define hydrocoele of T.vaginalis. Describe clinical features, outline the management
35. Describe clinical features & treatment of cataract
36. Give differential diagnosis of corneal ulcer & its management
37. Write in details complications & treatment of squint
38. Give the differential diagnosis of a nodule at the limbus.
39. Describe aetiology, clinical features & management of trachoma
40. Describe clinical manifestations & management of acute dacrocystitis
41. Describe clinical manifestations & management of glaucoma
42. Describe clinical manifestation & management of senile cataract
43. Describe signs and symptoms & management of senile cataract
44. Describe the various refractive errors of eye & glaucoma
45. Describe aetiology, clinical features & treatment of conjunctivitis
46. Discuss aetiology, signs and symptoms & complications of purulent keratitis
47. What is a dental cyst & how would you treatment such a case
48. Describe clinical manifestations & management of congenital dislocation of hip
49. Describe signs and symptoms, treatment & complications of Colle's fracture
50. Discuss aetiology, pathology, signs and symptoms of acute osteomyelitis
51. Describe the types of tuberculous arthritis, give in details signs and symptoms, natural history, investigations & treatment of tubercular arthritis
52. Describe clinical features & management of fracture of ribs
53. Describe clinical features, complication & management of fracture shaft radius & ulna
54. Classify bone tumours & describe in detail osteoclastoma of bone
55. Describe the clinical manifestations, complication & management of acute osteomyelitis of upper end of femur
56. Describe the clinical manifestations, complications & management of rheumatoid arthritis
57. Describe clinical manifestations, complications & management of Tubercular spine (Pott's spine)
58. Describe clinical manifestation & management of fracture neck of femur
59. Describe signs and symptoms of acute tonsillitis & outline its management
60. Describe clinical manifestations & manage of quinsy
61. Write in detail signs and symptoms, investigations & treatment of deviated nasal septum
62. Describe clinical features, complications & management of epistaxis
63. What are clinical manifestations & management of Ca larynx
64. Discuss aetiology, signs and symptoms, treatment of laryngeal oedema
65. Write in detail signs and symptoms treatment & complications of otitis media
66. Describe clinical features, complications & management of acute mastoiditis
67. Give in short surgical anatomy of maxillary sinus. Discuss signs and symptoms, investigation & treatment of maxillary sinusitis

Short Notes

1. Gangrene
2. Keloid
3. Ganglion
4. Management of a case of burns
5. Burns
6. Abscess
7. Fournier's gangrene
8. Sebaceous cyst
9. Acute abscess
10. Ingrowing Toe nail
11. Old abscess
12. Trophic Ulcer
13. Haemangioma
14. Paronychia
15. Peri-anal bleeding
16. Digital rectal examination
17. Transillumination
18. Shifting dullness
19. Retention of urine
20. Fistula in ano
21. Painless bleeding per rectum
22. I.V.P.
23. Teratoma of testis
24. Varicocele
25. Oesophageal varices
26. Seminoma testis
27. signs and symptoms of Thyrotoxicosis
28. Meckel's diverticulum
29. Breast abscess
30. Thyroglossal cyst
31. Fibroadenoma of breast
32. Abdominal paracentesis
33. Internal haemorrhoids
34. Cystoscopy
35. Amoebic liver abscess
36. Melanoma
37. Circumcision
38. Gall-stones
39. Gastritis
40. Varicose ulcer
41. Subphrenic abscess
42. Calcaneal spur
43. Volkmann's Ischaemic
44. Fracture mandible
45. Contracture
46. Supracondylar fracture of humerus
47. Mysositis ossificans
48. Carpal tunnel syndrome
49. Colle's fracture
50. Ankle sprain
51. Tennis elbow
52. Epulis
53. Photophobia
54. Hypermetropia
55. Meibomian cyst
56. Lens implant in the eye
57. Chalazion
58. Cataract
59. Glaucoma
60. Pterygium
61. Stye
62. Keratoplasty
63. Meniere's disease
64. Deviated nasal septum
65. Quinsy
66. Peritonsillar abscess
67. Follicular tonsillitis
68. Nasal foreign bodies
69. Tracheostomy
70. Acute otitis media
71. Ear lobule repair
72. Dental abscess
73. Dentigerous cyst
74. Dental caries
75. Dental cyst.
76. Impacted molar
77. Eve’s tumor
78. Post cibal syndrome
SURGERY THERAPEUTICS.

Full Questions
1. What is scope of homoeopathy in surgery and scope of surgery in homoeopathy How far do you think that surgery can be useful in homoeopathy.
2. Do you not think that surgery is not anti-homoeopathy? Justify the above statement with examples and name a few purely surgical cases.
3. What is role of homoeopathy in surgery. Name a few so called surgical cases which can be successfully treated with homoeopathy. Give indications of 3 drugs in any one such condition.
4. What is gangrene? What are causes of gangrene & give indications of 3 drugs for dry gangrene.
5. Give signs and symptoms & causes of gangrene with indications of Ars Alb, Lach, Carb Veg in this condition.
6. What are the causes of gangrene? Give indications of 2 homoeopathic drugs for each type of gangrene.
7. Define ulcers. What are the type of ulcers you know. Describe indications of Merc Sol, Kali Bi, Nit A in non-healing ulcers.
8. Discuss how will you manage a case of 2nd degree burn with Homoeopathic drugs. What will you do to prevent the formation of Keloid?
10. A fat, fertile, female, above forty C/O pain in upper abdomen. Give the differential diagnosis with investigations & indications of Chel, Cheria, Carduus in this condition.
11. A patient C/O pain in Rt. hypochondrium. Give differential diagnosis with their investigations & describe indications of 3 drugs for biliary colic.
12. Discuss aetiology, signs and symptoms, investigations & homoeopathic treatment of cholecystitis.
15. Enumerate different causes of bleeding per rectum. Give indications of 2 homoeopathic drugs for each condition mentioned.
17. Describe the indications of four Homoeopathic drugs for the treatment of Piles.
18. How will you manage a case of fistula-in-ano homoeopathically.
19. Discuss the differential diagnosis of swelling in midline of neck. Give indications of 2 homoeopathic drugs for different types of goitre.
21. differential diagnosis of swelling in parotid region with indications of 3 drugs.
22. Give aetiology, signs and symptoms, investigations & homoeopathic treatment of toxic goitre.
23. How will you differentiate between fibro-adenosis & Ca of breast. Give 2 drugs with indications for each of these conditions.


25. Describe signs and symptoms, & homoeopathic treatment of acute appendicitis.

26. A young recently married female C/O pain on right iliac fossa. Give its differential diagnosis. How will you manage a case of acute appendicitis with homoeopathic drugs.

27. What are causes of colics? How will investigate it? Give 3 drugs with indications for appendicular colic.

28. What are causes of retention of urine. Discuss homoeopathic treatment of senile enlargement of prostate. Give indications of 3 drugs in any 1 such condition.


30. Discuss signs and symptoms, investigations, aetiology & homoeopathic treatment of renal lithiasis.

31. Describe the symptoms of Renal Colic. Give the indications of four homoeopathic drugs for the same. When will you refer the case to Surgeon?

32. Discuss signs and symptoms & miasmatic background of thoracic empyema & give 3 drugs for same.

33. Give the classification of fractures & general line of treatment with indications of 3 drugs for fractures.

34. Define fractures & state their types. Give manage & homoeopathic treatment.

35. Give classification of bone tumours & give in details aetiology, signs and symptoms & homoeopathic management with indications of 2 drugs.

36. Name different bone conditions which could be successfully treated with homoeopathy. Give indications of 2 drugs in any of the above conditions.


39. Give brief description of osteoarthritis & discuss 2 important nosodes used as constitutional drugs.

40. Name some purely surgical conditions & give indications of 3 drugs for senile cataract.

41. Give the indication of four homoeopathic drugs for the treatment of viral conjunctivitis.

42. Name the different eye conditions with 3 drugs for each condition & give indications of 3 drugs for acute conjunctivitis.

43. Give brief account of corneal ulcer & give 3 drugs for it.

44. Give signs and symptoms, differential diagnosis & homoeopathic treatment viral conjunctivitis.


46. What is quinsy? Differentiate it from acute tonsillitis. Give indications of 3 drugs for same.

47. Give differential diagnosis of pain in throat. Give indications of 3 drugs for follicular tonsillitis.

48. Describe the clinical features of quinsy & name a few drugs with indications for its treatment.

49. Describe signs and symptoms of acute tonsillitis & outline its homoeopathic treatment. When will you refer a case to surgeon for operation.
50. How would you manage a case of allergic rhinitis homoeopathically, with the indications of 6 homoeopathic drugs prescribed.
51. Discuss the causes of Epistaxis in a middle aged person. Stress usefulness of Ipec, Crot H, Teuc M
52. How would you manage a case of otitis media with the indications of the medicine prescribed.
53. A patient C/O offensive discharge from the ear. How will you manage this condition.
54. Describe clinical features, complications & homoeopathic treatment of acute mastoiditis

**Short Notes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Homoeopathic Drugs</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gangrene</td>
<td>EYE - MERC, Phos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Haemorrhage</td>
<td>JOINTS-Bry, Actea, S, Rhus T</td>
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<tr>
<td>Keloids</td>
<td>BONE- Sang C</td>
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<tr>
<td>Carbuncles</td>
<td>THROAT-Arg-M, Lac-C, Mer-Caus</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dry gangrene</td>
<td>PAIN IN SURGERY-Plantago</td>
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<tr>
<td>New growths</td>
<td>VARICOSE ULCER-Lach, Carb-V</td>
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<tr>
<td>Senile Gangrene</td>
<td>DRY GANGRENE - Ars-A</td>
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<tr>
<td>Preoperative anxiety</td>
<td>MASTITIS - Lac-C, con, Bell</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ganglion</td>
<td>INTESTINAL OBSTRUCTION-Plb</td>
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<tr>
<td>Post Operative bleeding</td>
<td>RETENTION OF URINE-Arnica</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ulcers</td>
<td>BURNS-Canth, Apis, Caust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Varicose Ulcer</td>
<td>GASTRIC-Phos, Anacard, Nux V,</td>
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<tr>
<td>Post operative infections</td>
<td>GUM BOIL-Plantago</td>
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<tr>
<td>Burns</td>
<td>FISSURE IN ANO-Nit-Ac</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fissure in ano</td>
<td>RENAL STONE-Berb-V</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bleeding per rectum</td>
<td>MASTOIDITIS-Caps</td>
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<tr>
<td>Strangulated hernia</td>
<td>PLEURAL EFFUSION-Bry</td>
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<tr>
<td>Goitre</td>
<td>OSTEOMYELITIS-Sil (chr.sinus of tibia)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Orchitis</td>
<td>DIABETIC RETINOPATHY-Phos</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ca stomach</td>
<td>FROZEN SHOULDERS-Sang-C</td>
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<tr>
<td>U.Bladder calculi</td>
<td>DENTAL ABSCESS-Hekla-L, Bell</td>
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<tr>
<td>Retention of urine</td>
<td>GOITRE-Iod, Spongia</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mastitis</td>
<td>ALLERGIC RHINITIS-Nat-S,</td>
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<tr>
<td>Injuries to bones</td>
<td>CARBUNCLES-Lach, KaliBi</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ankle sprain</td>
<td>HAEMORRHAGES-phos, Collinsonia</td>
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<tr>
<td>Calcaneal spur</td>
<td>ORCHITIS-Phos</td>
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<tr>
<td>Osteomyelitis</td>
<td>TETANUS - Kali Bi</td>
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<tr>
<td>Episcleritis</td>
<td>HOARSENESS OF VOICE-Caust</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hypopion</td>
<td>TOOTHACHE-Bell, Kreos</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pterygium</td>
<td>TEETH TROUBLE-Cham, Coff,</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spring catarrh</td>
<td>CATARACT-Phos, Calc Fl</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dacrocystitis</td>
<td>NASAL POLYP-C, Nit ac</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cataract</td>
<td>PAINS-Kreos, Staph, Phyt, Bell</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lachrymal fistula</td>
<td>POST OPERATIVE-Phos, Ars A.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Toothymal fistula</td>
<td>EPISTAXIS-Lach, Ip, Phos</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dental fistula</td>
<td>OTORRHOEA-KaliS</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>CORNEAL ULCER-Kali Bi, MercS</td>
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<td><strong>37.</strong></td>
<td>Dental abscess</td>
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<td><strong>38.</strong></td>
<td>Dental caries</td>
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<td><strong>39.</strong></td>
<td>Pyorrhea</td>
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<td><strong>40.</strong></td>
<td>Otitis media</td>
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<td><strong>41.</strong></td>
<td>Otorrhea</td>
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<td><strong>42.</strong></td>
<td>Follicular tonsillitis</td>
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<td><strong>43.</strong></td>
<td>Pharyngitis</td>
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<td><strong>44.</strong></td>
<td>Allergic rhinitis</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>45.</strong></td>
<td>Mastoiditis</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>46.</strong></td>
<td>Hardness of hearing</td>
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